



Point No Point Treaty Council

Port Gamble S'Klallam • Jamestown S'Klallam

2007-2008

Point No Point Treaty Council

In-Common Commercial and Subsistence Squid Fishery Regulations

#S07- 099

August 9, 2007

The following regulation is promulgated by the Point No Point Treaty Council and shall govern the conduct of off-reservation commercial and subsistence squid fisheries by the Port Gamble S'Klallam and the Jamestown S'Klallam Tribes. This regulation is intended to conform to agreements reached between the Point No Point Treaty Tribes and the State of Washington, as contained in the Biennial Puget Sound Squid Harvest Management Agreement. The term of this regulation is from June 1, 2007 through May 31, 2008. Ceremonial and on-reservation fisheries shall be conducted under the provisions of individual Tribal Fisheries Ordinances and Regulations. All in-common fishing areas not specifically opened by this regulation or subsequent Point No Point Treaty Council regulations shall remain closed to the commercial and subsistence harvest of squid. Only gear and methods specifically authorized by this regulation may be legally used.

1. SPECIES

Pacific Squid (*Loligo opalescens*).

2. TRIBAL FISHING AREAS

For the Jamestown S'Klallam and Port Gamble S'Klallam Tribes: Marine Fish-Shellfish Management and Catch Reporting Areas: 20B, 22A, 23A, 23B, 23C 23D 25A, 25B, 25C 25D, 25E, 26A West (S'Klallam U&A Areas in that portion of 26A south and west of a line drawn from the southern tip of Possession Point on Whidbey Island 110° true to the shipwreck on the opposite shore), 27A, 27B (north of an east-west line from Ayock Pt.), 29.

3. OPEN AREAS AND TIMES

Commercial and subsistence squid fisheries for the Port Gamble and Jamestown S'Klallam Tribes will be open continuously throughout the term of this regulation, subject to emergency modification.

4. GEAR USE LIMITATIONS

- a. Legal commercial gear shall include dip bag, brail, squid jigging gear, herring rake, or other gear as provided through emergency regulation. Dip bag net and brail may not have a mesh less than 1-inch stretch measure.

- b. Each vessel fishing for squid may use a lighting system with a combined power of not more than 30 kilowatts (30,000 watts). Lights of 200 watts or greater must be shielded and may not be directed to any point more than 100 feet from the fishing site while fishing or attracting squid.
- c. Squid eggs caught while fishing for squid will be returned to the water immediately.
- d. The maximum daily subsistence harvest will be limited to 10 pounds per fisher.

5. CATCH REPORTING

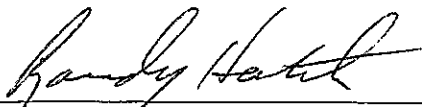
- a. Fishers are required to record all commercial harvest on Fish Receiving Tickets. Harvest data will be compiled and exchanged with all affected parties annually. Harvest data will be provided within two weeks when requested by an affected party.
- b. Fishers are required to maintain harvest logs of all fishing activity. Commercial harvest logs will include, for each day fished, the MFSF Catch Area, location fished (nearest landmark, bay, or GPS coordinates), pounds landed, gear type, total wattage of attracting lights, average depth of harvest, incidental catch, and duration fished. Fishers are required to submit harvest logs monthly to their respective tribal fisheries office.
- c. Tribal subsistence catch must be reported on individual tribal subsistence cards, according to individual tribal reporting requirements.

6. EMERGENCY REGULATIONS

The above regulation may be amended at any time by emergency regulations. Prior to harvest, each fisher shall check with their Tribal Fishery Office for emergency regulation changes.

7. AUTHORITY

The above in-common regulation is promulgated by the Point No Point Treaty Council under the authority delegated by the member Tribes.



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Point No Point Treaty Council